

CHIST-ERA Projects Seminar
Day 2, Cross Topics

Resilient Trustworthy CyberPhysical Systems (RTCPS)

COPES — (Tobias Oechtering, KTH) & SECODE, I-DRESS, DYPOSIT (presented by Irene Y.-H. Gu , Chalmers)

Bucharest, April 4th, 2019





Resilient Trustworthy Cyber-Physical Systems (RTCPS)

SECODE

√ Secure Codes To Thwart Cyber-Physical Attacks

❖ I-DRESS

✓ Assistive Interactive Robotic System For Support In Dressing

DYPOSIT

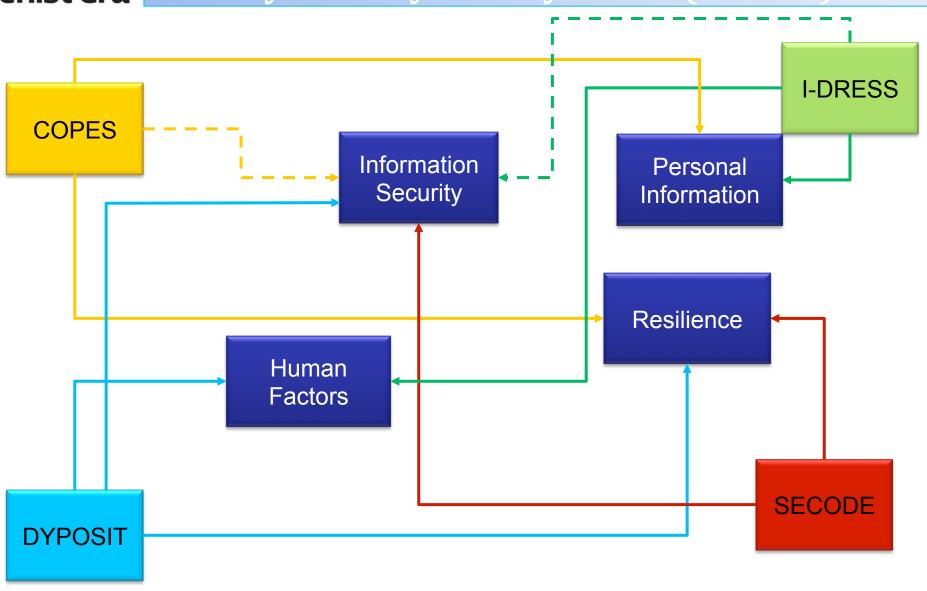
✓ Dynamic Policies For Shared Cyber-Physical Infrastructures
Under Attack

COPES

✓ COnsumer-Centric Privacy In Smart Energy GridS



Projects of the Resilient Trustworthy Cyber-Physical Systems (RTCPS)



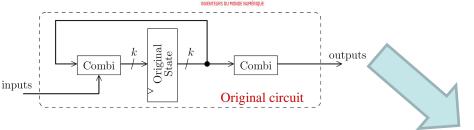


SECODE big picture





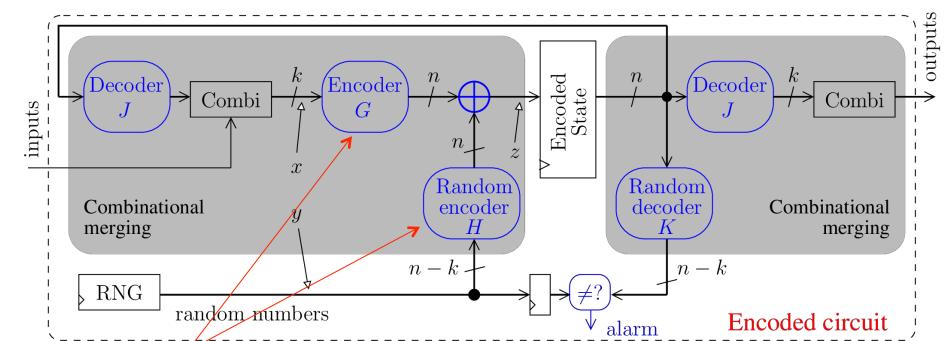




Transformation
With masking
protection based
on codes

Threats =

- * Side-channel attacks
- * Active Attacks



1. What are the best Codes ?

- 3. Can we automatize ?
- 2. What are the security parameters of the implementation?



SECODE Major achievements and challenges

- **Code theory :** How to construct LCD codes (the Best codes) Generalized Quasi-Cyclic Codes, AG Codes, Any linear code with q>3, LCP codes, etc.
- Security at implementation level
 - ✓ Generic security parameters for both SW and HW
- 14 journal papers
- 6 conference papers
- √ Study of Inner-Product Masking codes at Byte/bit security level
- ✓ Impact of code properties on security order
- Automatic Compiler to insert protections



What have been done:

- Tested against both SCA and FIA
- Refined code/implementation to reduce the physical leakage
- Optimized complexity and latency of the automatically compiled code

What remain: extension of 1 yr to fix issues on Side-channal and fault injection attacks



I-DRESS: Assistive Interactive Robotic System for Support in Dressing

I-DRESS consortium/expertise:

- Perception, multi-modal interaction
- Safety, human factors, interface design





Application scenarios:

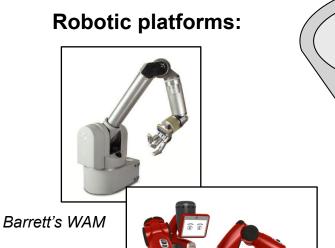


Shoe fitting

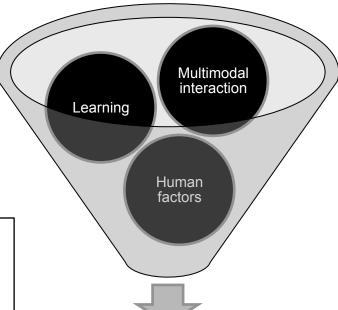


Gown dressing

Robot learning



Rethink robotics' Baxter

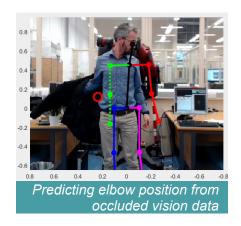


Adaptation (resilient) and safety (trustworthy)



Major advances

- ☐ Human-human interaction study
- ☐ Adaptation through multimodal interaction
- ☐ Robot learning and task planning
- Safety analysis

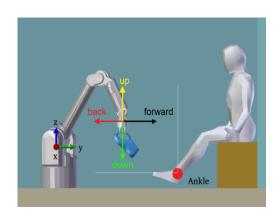














Project impact and future work

Evaluated on the system relevant to some realistic environment.

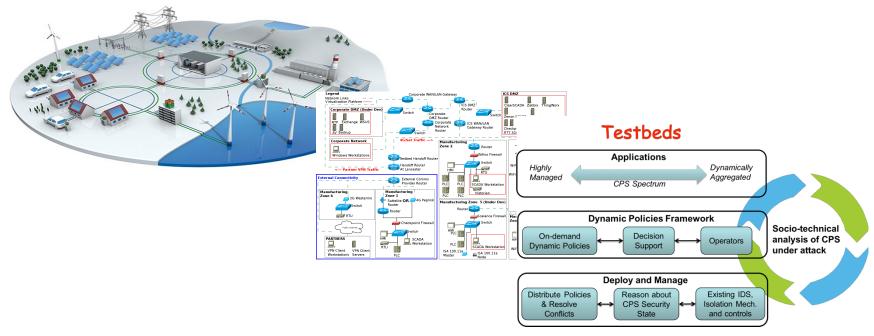
 Handled complex situations, including limiting variation, sound, occlusions during the dressing, using deep learning and PoE (product of expert).

Developed two prototypes of single arm robot dressing assistants:
 Barret WAM manipulator and Baxter robot;

Published 22 journal papers, and 20 conf. papers;
 2 new projects (Spain + EU H2020)



DYPOSIT: Dynamic Policies for Shared Cyber-Physical Infrastructures under Attack



- Volatile, multi-stakeholder CPS environment under attack
- Security controls/policies provide defenses against attack.
- Dynamic policy changes support resilience.
- Distributed, dynamic and human-centered security





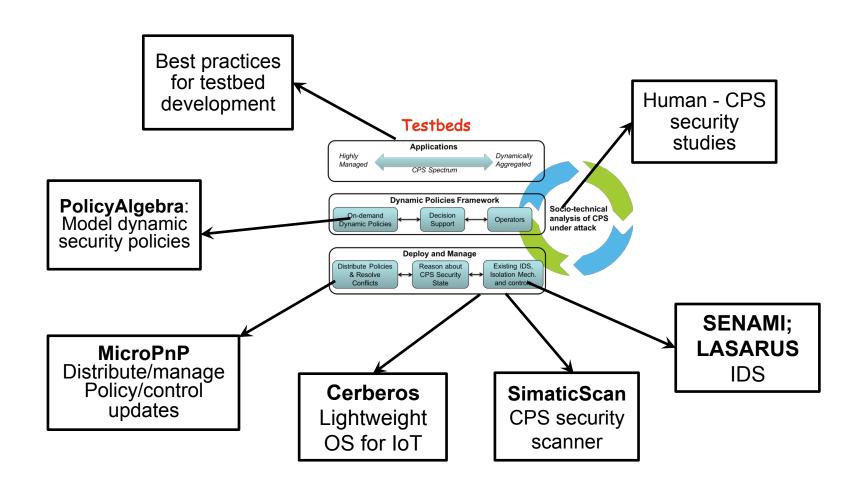








DYPOSIT: Dynamic Policies for Shared Cyber-Physical Infrastructures under Attack





Upcoming challenges and needs

Challenges

- ✓ Map policy models to real-world security infrastructure.
- ✓ Evaluation of efficacy including human factors
- √ Tradeoff security policy change against service continuity

Roadmap

- ✓ Defend against unknown attacks.
- ✓ Security of CPS built with contemporary SW development

What have been achieved:

- Developed 5 software prototypes/CPS testbeds:
 - CerberOS, SENAMI, SimaticScan, PiVOTScan, DYPOSIT;
- 24 Conf. papers,, 1 journal paper, 3 PhD theses, workshops, keynotes/invited talks.
- Shared testbeds among partner universities/institute.



COPES approach to Smart Meter Privacy

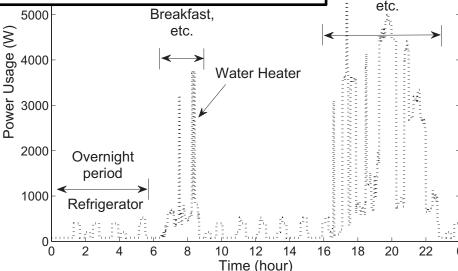
Evening activities:

Dinner, Showers,

Launtry, TV,

Computer,

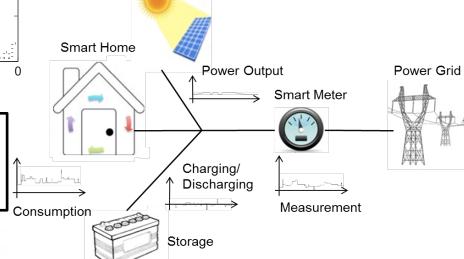
Energy consumption profile reveals personal information! **Privacy risk!!!**



(Updated) EU General Data Protection Regulation strongly protects private life

Potential show stopper

COPES approach: Manipulate actual energy prosumption profile using energy storage & alternative sources



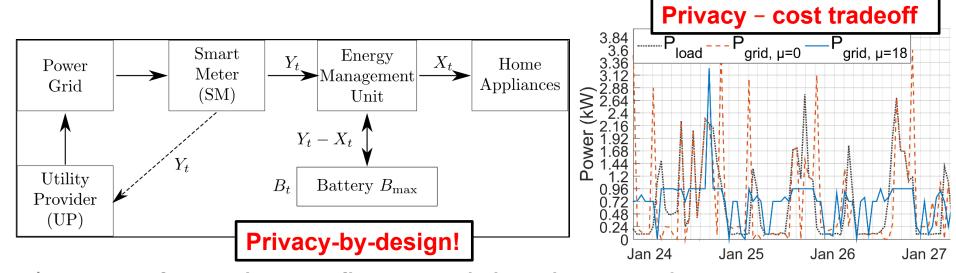
Solar Power



Imperial College London



Major Results: SM Privacy Measures and Privacy Enhancing Technology



Design of several energy flow control algorithms considering

- ✓ Different privacy measures (stat. inference, inform. theory, computer sc.)
- ✓ Utility privacy trade-off (e.g. energy-cost, degradation, analytics, ...)
- ✓ Implementation and integration of cross-disciplinary aspects (e.g. HVAC, ...)
- 17 conference & 10 journal papers
- 5 Phd projects (2 finished)
 - Best IEEE-IT UK Award '18
- Online tutorial, 4 book chapters
 MOOC (>23k), outreach activities
- 3(+1) granted *follow-up proj.* impact on real energy storage, experimental setup + industry
- Proof-of-concept experiments in KTH Live-In-Lab in progress



Identified Future Research Challenges

Research challenges beyond COPES

- ✓ Statistical modeling of realistic systems
 - Sufficiently reliable data in real-time for online adaptation
- √ Complexity efficient algorithms design
 - Needed for deployment of technology
- ✓ Certification of acceptable privacy measures
 - Provable guarantees on privacy (and utility?)
 - User empowerment to make sustainable privacy decisions
- √ Impact on operational procedures of energy provider
 - Change of the roadmaps (e.g. forecasting, grid visibility)
- ✓ Distributed energy resources (e.g. storage) + intelligence
 - -> new opportunities for grid management
 - Exploit demand side resources, e.g. flexibility due to scheduling



Overall summary (RTCPS)

- Promise of Cyber-Physical Systems/digitalization of society
 - √ Many opportunities
 - Quality of Life
 - Sustainability
 - Economic growth
- Resilient Trustworthy CPS
 - ✓ Many new security and privacy risks
 - Most of them are not sufficiently explored
 - Digitalisation can be also used to mitigate them

Paradigm shift: Security, privacy and resilience should be taken into account from the very beginning!!!



Questions

Questions?