EU CHIST-ERA 2012 call – C3N

Context- and Content-adaptive Communication Networks

macac: - Mobile context-Adaptive CAching for COntent-centric networking

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3rd CHIST-ERA Project Seminar

March 5, 2014. Istanbul, Turkey



MACACO - Context and Motivation



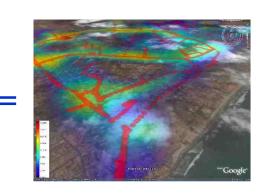
The smartphone phenomena

Smartphones have the potential to be:

visually-aware sonically-aware always-connected directionally-aware location-a motion-aware







In 2013, 4.1 billion users worldwide

- New potential for wireless and pervasive applications
 - Wireless Social networking, global sensing, content distribution ...
- Increasing volume of mobile data between 2014-2018
 - "...worldwide mobile data traffic will increase nearly 11-fold over the next four years and reach an annual run rate of 190 exabytes (10^{18}) by 2018..."
 - 54% of mobile connections will be 'smart' connections by 2018

[Cisco VNI Global Mobile Data Traffic Forecast (2013-2018)]

Macac New demands: Increased data usage

iPhone overload: Dutch T-Mobile issues

The New York Times

Customers Angered as iPhones Overload AT&T

By JENNA WORTHAM

Published: September 2, 2009

Slim and sleek as it is, the iPhone is really the Hummer of cellphones.

Data offloading solutions are required to deal with such increasing volume of mobile data traffic.



spectrum. Serving up more won't be easy

By Mitchell Lazarus Posted 30 Sep 2010 | 15:14 GMT

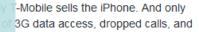


Data offloading: er 3G issues

Mobile broadband is co use Wi-Fi/small cell access instead of 3G if possible

Of the three mobile network operators in the Netherlands, only T-Mobile sells the iPhone. And only T-Mobile has a large part of its customer base irate from lack of 3G data access, dropped calls, and

Phone and it's now ...









- Current data offloading solution:
 - Use WiFi connectivity if available and if not, use 3G.
- Our focus: a more intelligent data offloading strategy
 - Build data offloading mechanisms that take advantage of context and content information

Users Interest Mobility information: Time and location

- Intuitions:
 - to extract and forecast the behaviour of mobile users in the threedimensional space of time, location and interest
 - 'what', 'when' and 'where' users are pulling data from the network
 - to pre-fetch the identified data and cache it at an earlier time
 - at the mobile terminals or at the edge nodes of the network



Project contributions

- To acquire real world data sets to model mobile node behaviour in the three-dimensional space : Originality
- 2. To derive appropriate models for the interests and their mobility correlation between user : Originality
- 3. To derive simple and efficient prediction algorithms to forecast the **node's mobility and interests**: Originality
- 4. To output data pre-fetching mechanisms
 - To integrate content-centric caching approach with social context awareness and opportunistic resource availability : Originality
- 5. To design a federated testbed for (no commercial interest):
 - 1. Content and context data collection
 - 2. Assessment of off-loading solutions



MACACO Project organization



- 6 international partners
 - INRIA coordination
 - 5 European partners and 1 Brazilian Institution
 - INRIA, N7, SUPSI, UOB, CNR, UFMG
 - 4 funded and 2 non-funded institutions
 - Funding organizations: ANR, SNSF, EPSRC
- Funding ~1M€ for a total effort of 277 MM















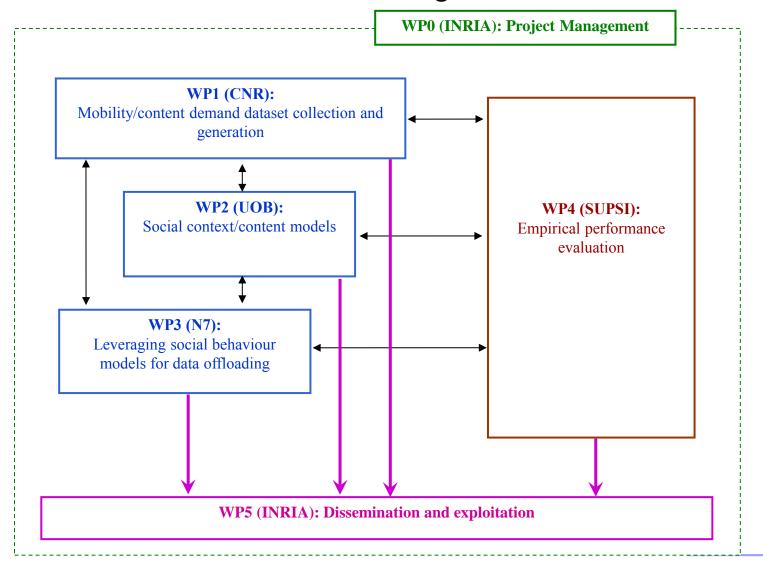
Pedro O. Vaz de Melo





MACACO organization

Duration: 36 months, 6 Work Packages



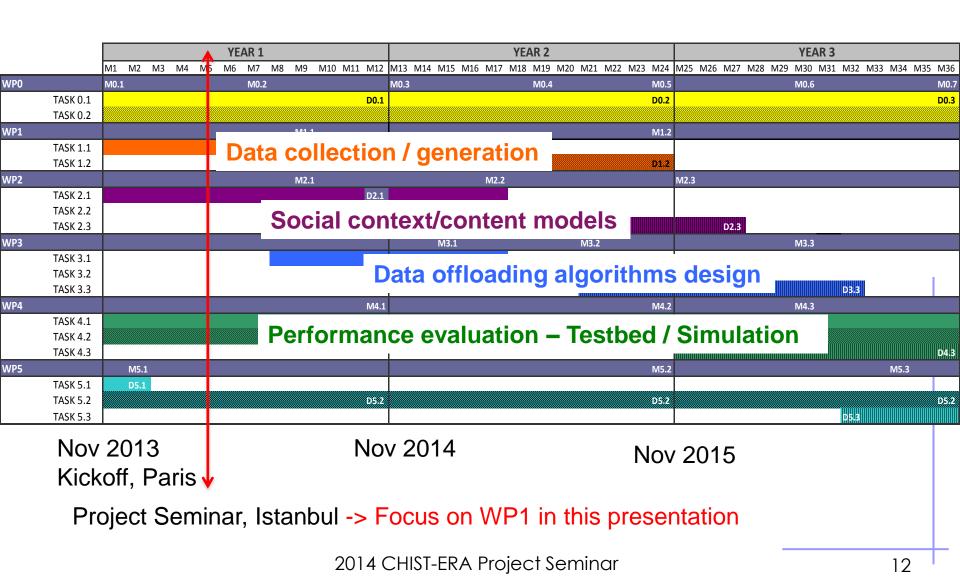


MACACO consortium: partner skills

	INRIA	N7	UOB	SUPSI	CNR	UFMG
Data collection						
Large scale data generation						
Context prediction models						
Social network analysis						
Opportunistic protocol						
Protocol performance evaluation						
Testbed experimenting						
Protocol standardization						



Project timeline



WP1 - CNR-IEITT, Marco Fiore

- Goal: providing datasets coupling mobile users' movement patterns & service demand (unavailable to date!)
 - Collection of a significant real-world data sample
 - Small-scale (~100 smartphones with dedicate monitoring software)
 - Generation of synthetic mobility/usage datasets
 - Large-scale (order-of-thousand simulated users in urban scenarios)

Task 1.1 – collecting real-world data

Task 2.1 – characterization of user behaviors

Task 1.2 – generating synthetic scenarios

Task 1.2 – generating synthetic scenarios



- To configure smartphones to continuously collect user's context and content information
 - Context = location, networking environment (3G, WiFi, BT), motion (accelerometer, proximity)
 - Content = apps that have created traffic in up and downlink, native browser URLs
- The testbed may be composed by users:
 - Using the acquired MACACO smartphones
 - Using their own smartphones with the deployed application installed
 - Incentivizing Android users (work colleagues, students, family, etc) to participate of the testbed
 - The same application for the two cases
 - In the 5 countries of MACACO



Progress on WP1 – data collection

Discussion started at Kickoff meeting on 11/24/2014

Current status:

- Software developments for data collection:
 - First beta version of the data collection application for Android smartphones is available
 - Client server application for uploading gathered data
- Tested on 3 types of smartphones for reliability
 - Samsung Galaxy S3, Wiko Stairway and Motorola Moto G
- Remaining tasks in software development
 - Finalize tests and improve user interface
 - Extend application to be shared on the Android Marketplace for different smartphones
 - Enforce data privacy rules



Data collection phase

- Volunteers recruiting
 - Students
 - Simple to recruit at universities,
 - Has specific habits, with a very predictable social structure
 - Should not only concentrate on them
 - Colleagues, friends
 - Different habits depending on profession.
 - Not a very homogeneous population: maybe harder to analyze
- Find appropriate incentivizing method
 - Students: Application that provides in-school services (class schedule, student phone repository, ...)
 - Colleagues, friends?... open question.



Organizational setup

- Timeline related to WP1.1
 - March 2014: Version 1.0 of data collection application
 - April 2014 May 2014: Data collection at N7, UOB and SUPSI
- Timeline related to WP2.1 and WP1.2
 - Mai-Nov. 2015: large scale simulation using traces of WP1.1
 - Manpower WP1.1
 - 3-month internship at N7 for data application development finalization (March-May 2014 at N7)
 - 3-month PhD at N7 support for supervision and roll out of data collection testbed, first analysis (May-July 2014 at N7)
 - Manpower WP1.2
 - 12-month post-doc at INRIA to work on large scale simulation
 - Manpower WP2.2
 - PhD recruitment at UOB to start in May or June 2014
 - Manpower WP3
 - 12-month post-doc at N7 to start in October 2014

Milestone of 1st year

- WP5, Task 5.1 (month 2; December 2013)
 - Website finalization
- WP1, Task 1.1 (month 5, February 2014; month 9, May 2014)
 - Progress in real-world data collection
- WP2, Task 2.1 (month 9; May 2014)
 - Progress in the characterization, usage and protection of user behaviour
 - WP1, Task 1.1 (month 12; October 2014)
 - Report on real-world data collection
 - WP2, Task 2.1 (month 12; October 2014)
 - Report on user behaviour modelling
 - WP4, Task4.1 (month 12; October 2014)
 - Progress in the empirical evaluation framework
 - WP0 Tasks 0.1 and 0.2 (month 12, October 2014)
 - CHIST-ERA annual scientific report



Collaborative set-up

- Orange Labs invitation as Industrial Advisor
 - In progress
- We will build upon our experience with FP6 Haggle, MOTEL (SUPSI internal project), and FP7 SCAMPI testbeds.
- PRIVA'MOV project (IMU LABEX), Marco Fiore (CNR) implication
 - Goal: to develop and deploy a privacy-aware crowdsensing platform to collect mobility traces from real users equipped with android tablets
 - Collaboration already started
 - MACACO will share data collection and analysis experiences with PRIVA'MOV participants



No specific issues have been encountered so far.

- Main risk highlighted in the proposal are related to a delayed real-world data collection
- Currently, the outcome of Task 1.1 of WP1 is in line with the proposed timetable.

Thus, the data collection phase should be started as expected in the upcoming months.



MACACO publications

- 1. D. Naboulsi, R. Stanica, M. Fiore, Classifying Call Profiles in Large-scale Mobile Traffic Datasets, **IEEE INFOCOM**, April 2014
- 2. Eduardo Mucelli Rezende Oliveira, Aline Carneiro Viana, Routine-based network deployment for data offloading in metropolitan areas. IEEE WCNC, April 2014
- 3. Eduardo Mucelli Rezende Oliveira, Aline Carneiro Viana, From Routine to Network Deployment for Data Offloading in Metropolitan Areas. **INRIA RR-8452**. 2014.
- 4. Eduardo Mucelli Rezende Oliveira, Aline Carneiro Viana, Routine-based Network Deployment, **IEEE INFOCOM Student workshop**, April 2014
- 5. Anna Förster, Alexander Förster, Kamini Garg, Silvia Giordano and Luca M. Gambardella; "MOTEL: Mobility Enabled Wireless Sensor Network Testbed", Ad Hoc & Sensor Wireless Networks, Old City Publishing, 2014.
- Kamini Garg, Silvia Giordano and Anna Förster; "A Study to Understand the Impact of Node Density on Data Dissemination Time in Opportunistic Networks"; HP-MOSys, November 2013.
- 7. Matteo Zignani, Michela Papandrea, Sabrina Gaito, Silvia Giordano and Gian Paolo Rossi; "On the key features in human mobility: relevance, time and distance"; **IEEE PERCOM**, March 2014
- Steven Mudda, Silvia Giordano; "Mobile P2P Queries over Temporal Data"; IEEE PerMoby, March 2014.
- 9. Alan Ferrari, Daniele Puccinelli, Silvia Giordano; "Code Offloading on Opportunistic Computing"; **Demonstrations track, IEEE PERCOM,** March 2014



MACACO web site: macaco.inria.fr



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Recent events

Project starting, November 1, 2013 Kickoff meeting, November 25, 2013





Any questions?

